

Beta

You can use this list during the exam in PDE, 2008-10-13.

1. Characteristics for non-linear 1st order PDE $F(x, y, z, p, q) = 0$:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dx}{dt} &= F'_p, & \frac{dy}{dt} &= F'_q, & \frac{dz}{dt} &= p \cdot F'_p + q \cdot F'_q \\ \frac{dp}{dt} &= -F'_x - F'_z p, & \frac{dq}{dt} &= -F'_y - F'_z q.\end{aligned}$$

and the strip condition: $\frac{d}{ds} z_0(s) = p_0(s) \cdot \frac{dx_0}{ds} + q_0(s) \cdot \frac{dy_0}{ds}$

2. Jump condition (or the Rankine-Hugoniot condition) for the inviscid Burger's equation:

$$\xi'(y) = \frac{G(u_r) - G(u_l)}{u_r - u_l}$$

3. Characteristics for the 2nd order linear PDE with principal part $au''_{xx} + bu''_{xy} + cu''_{yy}$:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

4. Wave equation:

- d'Alembert's formula: $u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2} [g(x + ct) + g(x - ct)] + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} h(s) ds$

- Duhamel's principal for nonhomogeneous wave equation with R.H.S. f and homogeneous initial conditions: $u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2c} \int_0^t \int_{x-c(t-s)}^{x+c(t-s)} f(\xi, s) d\xi ds$

- Kirchhoff's formula:

$$u(x, t) = \frac{1}{4\pi} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(t \int_{|\xi|=1} g(x + ct \xi) dS_\xi \right) + \frac{t}{4\pi} \int_{|\xi|=1} h(x + ct \xi) dS_\xi$$

5. Laplace equation:

- fundamental solution: $\Psi(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\pi} \ln |x| & n = 2 \\ -\frac{1}{(n-2)\omega_n |x|^{n-2}} & n \geq 3 \end{cases}$

- solution of Poisson's equation: $u(x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \Psi(x - y) f(y) dy$

- solution of the Dirichlet problem in the ball $B_0(R)$:

$$u(\xi) = \frac{R^2 - |\xi|^2}{R \omega_n} \int_{|x|=R} \frac{g(x)}{|x - \xi|^n} dS_x$$